

## Making Sentences Complete

Does each item need a subject, a predicate, or both in order to make it a complete sentence? If the item is a complete sentence, choose *complete*.

Mark your answer on the answer sheet.

1. American sign language.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
2. It was developed from signs used in America and France.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
3. In the early 1800s.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
4. A man whose name was Dr. Thomas Hopkins Gallaudet.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
5. Traveled to France to study French sign language.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
6. The first official school for the deaf.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
7. In Hartford, Connecticut in 1817.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
8. Almost fifty years later, the first college for the deaf opened.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
9. It was located in Washington, DC.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
10. President Abraham Lincoln.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
11. Still educating deaf and hard-of-hearing students today.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
12. Offers many different programs, including athletics.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
13. For hearing students, too.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
14. Books in Braille.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*
15. Teaches students many different subjects.  
**A** subject      **C** both  
**B** predicate    **D** *complete*